

Hawaiian Gazette

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, May 6.—Last 24 Hours' Rainfall, .00.
Temperature, Max. 79; Min. 70. Weather, fair; fresh trades.

SUGAR.—95 Degree Test Centrifugal, 5.86c. Per Ton, \$77.20.
SR Analysis Beets, 10c. 3 1/2 d. Per Ton, \$53.60.

VOL. LII, NO. 37

HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, FRIDAY, MAY 7, 1909.

SEMI-WEEKLY

WHOLE NO. 3060

HEALTH BOARD DEBATES EFFECT OF NEW LAW ON ITS ORGANIZATION

Need of Co-operation Between Territorial and County Authorities—The New Leprosy Law and Regulations Under It—Kalihi Lease.

Discussion on the effects of the changes in the affairs of public health administration, made necessary by the enactment of the laws by the late Legislature, and a consideration of the problem occasioned by the expiration of the lease on the site of the Kalihi receiving station, were the two most important matters considered by the Board of Health at its meeting yesterday afternoon.

It was the first meeting at which the new president, E. A. Mott-Smith, appeared in his official capacity. He said that he took up the duties of the office with some misgivings, but as he was assured of the hearty cooperation of the members of the board in carrying out the work of the health department, he felt that his efforts would be well repaid and that the interests of the public would be protected as efficiently in the future as they had been in the past.

"The most important problem that will come before us," said the new president, "is the framing of the necessary rules and regulation to conform to the intent of the acts passed by the Legislature. The milk, meat and dairy inspector is turned over to the authority and jurisdiction of the counties, and the care of the indigent sick is also transferred from the territorial control—all of which necessitates a spirit of active and effective cooperation upon the part of both the county authorities and the territorial government to assure the proper enforcement of the spirit of the laws. Action has already been taken by the City and County of Honolulu in the appointment of a building and plumber inspector. There is lots for us to do right away, but of course, we will have to meet the new problems as they develop. Incidentally, the Legislature has left the department in good financial condition and we will be able to meet all the necessities that confront us in the ordinary administration of the affairs of the health department."

New Leprosy Law.

Referring to the effect of the leprosy law passed at the 1909 session of the Legislature, President Mott-Smith stated that he had been considering its provisions with great care and had begun on a draft of regulations necessary to carry out the law in an efficient way.

"It is needless to say," observed the

president, "that the putting of this law into effective operation will require our careful thought and attention. I have not completed the draft of the regulations yet and would ask for further time in which to do so."

The routine work of the meeting being taken up and the action of the former president, Mark P. Robinson, in appointing J. S. Aiea as keeper of the Kalihi receiving station, was confirmed.

Referring to the registration of births, deaths and marriages, President Mott-Smith stated that the operation of the law passed at the last Legislature would tend toward simplification. In place of the registrars forwarding copies of their records to the secretary of the Board of Health, the original records will be sent and filed in the manner provided by law.

A letter was read from Mayor Fern, stating that he had appointed J. J. Mielstein as plumbing inspector. To avoid a conflict in authority and jurisdiction, the Mayor's letter explained that Mielstein had also been commissioned as a building inspector by Superintendent of Public Works Marston Campbell, and suggesting that Mielstein also receive a commission as plumbing inspector from the Board of Health.

Taking up the question of a government physician on the Island of Molokai, the president stated that as the appropriation bill was first considered by the Legislature it had the items for the physicians segregated, the salary for the Molokai physician being fixed at \$150 per month. The segregation was later abandoned in favor of an inclusive appropriation, but he said that the understanding was that the Molokai physician would receive \$150.

Dr. Hayes Appointed.

President Mott-Smith said that Dr. Hayes, now in the Honolulu Dispensary, would be available for the position, with the salary mentioned. The motion for the appointment of Dr. Hayes was carried, and Dr. Bruce Mackail was named as his successor in the dispensary.

Nurse for Schools.

President Mott-Smith stated that Mr. Rato of the Palama Settlement had offered the services of an experienced nurse in attending to the children in the schools in that district of the city, with the understanding that the Board of Health would supply the

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FORMER SULTAN ABDUL HAMID HAS \$5,000,000 IN EUROPEAN BANKS



THE PALACE OF THE SHAH, WHOSE THRONE IS THREATENED BY REVOLUTIONISTS.

New Government Wants It, but the Banks Re- fuse to Give Up the Money.

(Associated Press Cablegrams.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 7.—Papers seized in the palace indicate that the ex-Sultan has \$5,000,000 in foreign banks, which banks are reported to have refused to pay the money over to the new government.

LONDON, May 4.—It is reported here that the Shah of Persia has summoned a National Assembly and ordered general elections.

PITTSBURG, May 4.—The Standard Oil Company announced today a reduction of five cents a barrel in the price of crude oil.

SITKA, Alaska, May 4.—A Japanese sealing schooner carrying thirty men has been seized by the United States revenue officers for violating the sealing laws.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—United States Senator Dolliver of Iowa made an elaborate speech on the tariff bill today, in which he made a strong argument for a general reduction of tariff schedules.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 4.—The officers of the Japanese warships in command of Admiral Ijichi were shown about the city today, making a tour of the points of interest in automobiles. A luncheon was served at the Presidio, where the visitors were the guests of the army.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—Minister Leishman cables that smallpox has broken out in the ravaged districts of Turkey and that an epidemic of fever, due to the masses of unburied dead, is feared. The Minister appeals for the assistance of the Red Cross.

ADANA, May 4.—The massacres that were inaugurated at the time of the upheaval in Constantinople continue from day to day and the conditions are frightful. Conservative figures place the dead at 35,000 and a like number are homeless.

BUENOS AYRES, May 5.—Two hundred thousand men are out on a strike. Six hundred arrests have been made.

PARIS, May 5.—Postal and other government employes threaten to renew their great strike. The government is taking drastic measures to prevent.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—Walter Wellman announces that he will renew his efforts to reach the Pole by balloon in July.

FLUSHING, May 5.—Captain Hains' mother testified in the murder case yesterday and collapsed on the stand.

HAKAI, May 5.—This city is facing a terrible famine.

TOKIO, May 5.—The steamship Stewart, built for the transpacific service in connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway interests, was launched here today.

OAKLAND, May 5.—The officers and men of the Japanese cruiser Aso and Soya are being entertained in the city and Berkeley today.

SAN QUENTIN, Cal., May 5.—A plot to kidnap the son of Governor Gillett of this State has been discovered here. It was planned by a convict in the state prison whose object was to secure a pardon as the price for which the child would be released.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The indications are that Congress will not adjourn before July 1. President Taft hopes that the new tariff will provide sufficient revenue as he is opposed to an income tax except as a last resort.

YOKOHAMA, May 6.—The third squadron of the American Pacific fleet under command of Rear Admiral Harber has arrived here and a series of receptions and entertainments is in progress.

MERCER, Pa., May 6.—The trial of J. H. Boyle for the abduction of the Whitla boy has begun.

NAIROBI, May 6.—Roosevelt has so far killed six lions.

NEW ORLEANS, May 6.—The battleship Mississippi arrived here today.

STOCKTON, May 6.—A break in the levee has done damage to the extent of \$200,000.

MERCER, PA., May 6.—J. H. Boyle, who has been on trial for the kidnapping of the Whitla boy, has been convicted.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 6.—Senator Cummins today attacked the tariff bill, demanding reductions.

BOSTON, May 6.—Charles Adams, who has been consul to Liberia and Nicaragua, is under arrest in this city, charged with conspiracy to defraud.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 6.—Admiral Ijichi commanding the visiting Japanese training cruiser squadron, the Aso and Soya, and the officers of the vessels named, will be guests at a grand banquet in their honor, this evening, at the Fairmont Hotel.

NEW YORK, May 6.—Ex-President Roosevelt, in an article to appear in the Outlook, declares that if the Japanese government is unable to restrict the immigration of Japanese into the United States, this country must protect itself against their coming.

TEHERAN, May 7.—Revolutionists are reported to be marching on the city to dethrone the Shah.

PARIS, May 7.—The government is confronted by a serious situation. The postal telegraph and telephone employes, in defiance of the government, have formed an immense union. They are supported by the workmen's union and a gigantic strike is imminent. The situation is causing the gravest anxiety.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—Murphy of Missouri has announced that he will file impeachment proceedings in the House against Federal Judges Philips and McPherson in Kansas City. The action is taken in connection with the two-cent fare law decisions.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 7.—Colonel Bellinger, of the transport service, has been ordered to Manila to succeed Colonel von Schrader, who will go to St. Louis.

Columbian Arrives.

Bringing four days' mail from the mainland and considerable general freight from San Francisco and New York, the big American-Hawaiian freighter Columbian arrived here yesterday afternoon after making almost a record run down from the Coast. She

was not expected to arrive off port until this morning, but good weather conditions favored a fast passage, and the monster freight-carrier walked into Honolulu harbor nearly a day ahead of time. She will remain here until next Monday or Tuesday, taking on a large amount of sugar, then going to the other Islands to complete her cargo.

HEAVY WIND CAUSES DEATH

Sudden Gust Tears Building, and Hurls Chinaman From Roof.

Hurling Chun Sun, a Chinese laborer, to his death forty feet below, a terrific gust of wind tore loose a part of the rafters on the Catholic Mission, now under course of construction in Kalihi valley, yesterday morning about 11 o'clock.

According to the story which they have told, Chun Sun was working near the peak of the roof of the unfinished building. The wind was blowing a gale in the valley during the day and a sudden gust, stronger than ordinary, carried away a part of the scaffolding. Chun Sun was thrown to the ground, some of the timbers falling on his body. His ribs were crushed and he was otherwise injured, but he did not die until after he had been brought to town.

He was beyond all aid, however, when Dr. McDonald arrived on the scene. Sheriff Jarrett was notified of the tragedy yesterday afternoon and he went up Kalihi valley to the building where the fatal accident occurred. A coroner's jury will be empaneled today and an inquest will be held over the remains.

PETRIE REPORTS ON 1909 PARADE

Makes Some Suggestions For Systematizing Work in the Future.

T. H. Petrie, chairman of the 1909 Floral Parade, presented his official report on the parade to the Promotion Committee yesterday afternoon, also making a number of important suggestions as regards the 1910 parade. He recommends that the chairman of the next Floral Parade be appointed as early as a day as possible in order that all the plans for the working up of the carnival may not be left until the last thing.

After the report had been read to the committee, a vote of thanks was proposed and unanimously passed to Mr. Petrie, for the excellent work he had done in the undertaking delegated to his guidance. The report was as follows:

Honolulu, T. H., May 6, 1909.
Mr. W. A. Bowen, Chairman, Hawaii Promotion Committee.

Dear Sir: I herewith submit my report as chairman of the Floral Parade Committee for 1909, as follows: My first work following my appointment as chairman for this committee

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CORONER'S JURY BRINGS VERDICT

Did Not Discover the Cause of M. J. McGannon's Death.

"M. J. McGannon came to his death on the 4th day of May, 1909, from a severe fracture of the skull and hemorrhage of the brain, cause to this jury unknown."

This is the verdict which was brought in by the coroner's jury empaneled to look into the cause of the death of M. J. McGannon. Witnesses to the number of nearly a dozen, including Dr. Freitas of the Queen's Hospital, were examined last night, but no new sensations were developed during the inquisition.

Dr. Freitas told a straightforward story, to the effect that, when the man was brought to the hospital, he made a thorough examination of him. His face was covered with blood when he was laid on the table, and as soon as this had been washed away, Dr. Freitas testified, he found that the man's left eye was blackened and that there was a slight discoloration under his right eye.

Opening the man's mouth, Dr. Freitas discovered that McGannon's gums were slightly beaten back, showing blood. The teeth were also a little smashed, as if the man had been struck a hard blow on the mouth. This blow was not anything indicating a serious condition, however, and Dr. Freitas then made, he said, a thorough examination of the man's head. He felt with his fingers all over the head of McGannon, but finding no bumps or anything indicating a fracture, thought the man was not seriously hurt. The fumes of liquor were strong on McGannon's breath.

Dr. Freitas held a sponge soaked with ammonia before McGannon's nose, the latter showing consciousness by moving his head from side to side to escape the fumes. As the smell of

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HEALTH BOARD APPROVES FILMS

Bonine Displays Photographs He Took at the Leper Settlement.

To the members of the Board of Health, Territorial officials and visitors of prominence to the Islands, Robert K. Bonine, the moving-picture expert, last night in his studio gave a private exhibition of the pictures he had taken at the Leper Settlement on Molokai. At the close of the little show, several members of the board expressed themselves as being highly pleased with the films, for they depict, as words never could, the pleasant side of life at the Settlement.

Mr. Bonine took the pictures with the special end in view of displaying what pleasures, what pretty little homes, and what occupations those who live on Molokai have. His curtain-flashes, moving and stationary, are of the character which will tend to remove the too-common impression that the Settlement is a "Chamber of Horrors," and it was this fact which so pleased the members of the Board of Health, who gave their unqualified approval of the films and permission to Mr. Bonine to show the pictures in public at any time.

It was the first time in the history of the Molokai Settlement that such pictures have been taken. The great athletic pyramid, formed by the strong men on Molokai; the drill of the little schoolgirls at the Bishop Home at Kalanapapa, the parade of the pa-u riders, and the dash of the Hawaiian cowboys, all went to make up a set of pictures intensely interesting. Bonine will probably give an exhibition of the Settlement pictures in the future, in this city.

He has been buying himself the last few days in securing a new set of surfing pictures at Waikiki Beach. He has had a stand built on which to rest his machine far out in the surf.

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LIBRARY MEMBERS FAVOR THE CONSOLIDATION PLAN

If Andrew Carnegie or any other philanthropist makes a donation of \$100,000 for a library building, Honolulu will have a splendid public institution, for the trustees of the Honolulu Library and Reading Room Association, which has been in existence since 1879, submitted the proposition of the Territory to the members of the association last night, and these gave their unanimous approval to the idea. The Library Act, passed by the late Legislature, provides for a free circulating library and for an appropriation of \$10,000, presumably to be annual.

The members of the Honolulu Library and Reading Room Association last night gave their approval to the idea of consolidation with the Library of Hawaii and authorized the trustees to come to any reasonable agreement with the representatives of the latter organization. While the members of the local library association feel the need of a great public library here,

they do not intend surrendering their accumulations of years without they are assured that the proposition will go through. The Territory's appropriation of \$10,000 at the last session of the Legislature is to be used during the period between June of 1910 and June of 1911. It is understood that, if the consolidation idea is carried out to the extent which is planned, the Legislature will hereafter make an annual appropriation of that amount.

Everything, however, is conditional upon the donation of \$100,000, or the securing of that sum of money in some manner, for the construction of a building. Governor Frear had a conference with Andrew Carnegie while he was in the East a short time ago, and the great philanthropist was then supposed to view very favorably the idea of giving largely for a library here. Should this money be received, the Honolulu Library and Reading Room Association and the Library of Hawaii will consolidate, the present organization, while retaining control of its assets, allowing them to be used for the benefit of the new organization.